

ALL THE NEWS
FOR 2 CENTS
In the Republican.

VOLUME XXI--NO. 226

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

SEYmour PEOPLE
Who Spend their Money at Home.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

SEYMORE, INDIANA. THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 22, 1897.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN.
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**
Receipt of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Almond Seeds -
Rochelle Salt -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Cinnamon -
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Hickory Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.
Fake Signature of Dr. H. Fletcher.
At 6 months old,
35 BOTTLES - 35 CENTS.
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE
THAT THE
FAC-SIMILE
SIGNATURE
OF
Dr. H. Fletcher.
IS ON THE
WRAPPER
OF EVERY
BOTTLE OF
CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get G-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.
The fac-simile signature of Dr. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Plaenberger Block.

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Any legal business entrusted to my care will receive careful and prompt attention.

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Will practice in all the courts. Collector of specialties. Legal business offereed.

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PATENTS PROCURED.

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Solicitor and Attorney in Patent Causes.

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Correspondence addressed to me.

WILL SOON BE LAW

Vote Will Be Taken on Tariff Not Later Than Tomorrow.

SPIRITLESS DEBATE IN SENATE

Abandonment of the Stamp Tax on Bonds and Stocks Criticized—Civil Service Examination for Supervising Architect of the Treasury—McKinley Presented With a Monster Watermelon.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The senate concluded the formal reading of the tariff conference report late yesterday. The debate was spiritless in the main. Early in the day Mr. Jones of Arkansas made a contest against the conference committee on the ground that it had exceeded its authority in amending the paragraph relating to printing paper as to place a retaliatory duty against the country paying an export bounty on wood pulp. His point of order was debated at much length and finally overruled by Vice President Hobart. This removed the only obstacle thus far encountered by the report. The reciprocity amendment and the abandonment of the stamp tax on bonds and stocks developed much criticism.

When the session adjourned the understanding was general that the final vote will be taken on the conference report on the tariff bill not later than tomorrow, but there was no formal agreement to this effect.

Both Senators Jones and White, who have been leading the opposition to the bill on behalf of the Democrats, expressed the opinion that the vote would not be postponed beyond this time. Senator Allison also stated that while he still considered a vote possible today he felt very confident that it would not be postponed beyond tomorrow. In which event final adjournment is generally predicted for Saturday.

FROM GEORGIA.

President McKinley Presented With a Monster Watermelon.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—President McKinley was the recipient of a unique compliment in the shape of a large Georgia watermelon. Several Georgia congressmen accompanied by several ladies and W. H. Mitchell of Atlanta made the presentation. The melon was about two and one-half feet long and measured six feet in circumference. It was packed in a golden hamper, wrapped in the American flag and entwined in white silk ribbon, on one end of which was the flag of the United States and on the other the arms of the state of Georgia. It weighed 78 pounds.

Representative Livingston made the presentation speech. In doing so he referred to the old adage about the Greeks bearing gifts and assured the president that, when opened, no office seeking enemy would emerge. The president made a happy response saying among other things that he was especially gratified for the assurances that it contained no office seeker.

SUPERVISING ARCHITECT.

Civil Service Examination WILL BE HELD to Fill Vacancy.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The civil service commission announces a competitive examination to fill the vacancy in the position of supervising architect of the treasury. The salary of this position is \$4,500 per annum and it is hoped that architects of high attainments and reputation may be induced to enter the competition. Those who enter the competition will be required to submit statements relative to their training, education and technical experience. Drawings or sketch plans, specifications and photographs or other suitable illustrations of buildings designed by them as architects or constructed under their supervision and other information relating to such buildings of which competitors will be advised upon inquiry of the commission. A thesis relative to designing and construction and a thesis relative to office administration. The examination will take place Sept. 10.

BOAT CAPSIZED.

Two Sisters and Their Escort Drowned at a Picnic.

SALEM, O., July 22.—Miss Josie Phillips, aged 22, and Miss Mary Phillips, aged 20, daughters of Albert Phillips of this city, and Isaac Masters, aged 23, son of Joseph Masters of Winona, were drowned by the capsizing of a boat in which they were rowing at a Friends' picnic held at Shelton's grove, a pleasure resort four miles southeast of here. It was several hours before the bodies were recovered.

Buggies Collide With Fatal Results.

MR. STERLING, O., July 22.—Summer Redding is dead and Walter Wilson, his companion has a fractured skull, the result of a collision. They were racing with another buggy near here, when, meeting with a third buggy, the three collided with terrible force. The horse of the third rig was so badly hurt that it had to be killed. Redding's buggy was smashed to kindling wood and he struck the hard earth with terrible force.

CUBAN MEETING.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The labor organizations of the district held a mass meeting at Typographical temple last night to discuss the Cuban question. The speakers were Corporal Tanner, Colonel Hinton, Samuel Gompers and others. Resolutions were unanimously adopted demanding the immediate recognition of the Cuban independence and denouncing the scheme to pay Spain a war indemnity.

ILLINOIS OFFICIAL RESIGNS.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., July 22.—Dwight C. Morgan has resigned his position as consulting engineer to the railroad and warehouse commission. He will be succeeded by William L. Tarbet.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Prevailing Prices For Grain, Cattle and Provisions on July 21.

Indianapolis.

WHEAT—Strong; No. 2 red, 73c.

CORN—Firm; No. 2 mixed, 25¢/lb.

OATS—Dull; No. 2 mixed, 19c.

CATTLE—Steady at \$2.35/cwt. 45¢.

HOGS—Higher at \$0.00/cwt. 80c.

Sheep—Quiet at \$1.50/cwt. 50c; lambs, quiet at \$0.75/cwt. 50c.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

WHEAT—Sept. opened 71 1/2c, closed 74 1/2c.

CORN—Opened 73 1/2c, closed 75 1/2c.

CORN—Sept. opened 26 1/2c, closed 27 1/2c.

OATS—Sept. opened 17 1/2c, closed 17 1/2c.

PORK—Sept. opened 87 1/2c, closed 87 1/2c.

LARD—Sept. opened \$4.32/cwt, closed \$4.32/cwt.

CLOSING CASH MARKETS: Wheat 78 1/2c/cwt, corn 29 1/2c/cwt, 17 1/2c/cwt, pork \$7.00/lb, lard \$4.07/cwt.

Cincinnati Grain and Stock.

WHEAT—Stronger; No. 2 red, 74c.

CORN—Firm; No. 2 mixed, 28c.

OATS—Steady; No. 2 mixed, 20c.

CATTLE—Steady at \$2.35/cwt. 45¢.

HOGS—Active at \$2.35/cwt. 45¢.

Sheep—Steady at \$2.50/cwt. 35¢; lambs, higher at \$3.75/cwt. 55¢.

East Liberty Live Stock.

CATTLE—Steady at \$2.40/cwt. 40¢.

HOGS—Active at \$2.50/cwt. 45¢.

Sheep Firm at \$2.70/cwt. 40¢; lambs, steady at \$3.75/cwt. 55¢.

Dealed a Rehearing.

BOSTON, July 22.—The United States circuit court of appeals has denied the petition of the appellant in the case of the First National bank of Concord, defendant, vs. Edward F. Hawkins, receiver of the Indianapolis National bank for a rehearing. This court some time ago affirmed a judgment of \$11,646, for the plaintiff, Hawkins, in the original case, being the amount of an assessment upon stock which the Concord bank held in the defunct National bank when the latter failed.

Accidentally Shot Himself.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Thomas Nast Jr., a son of the cartoonist, accidentally shot himself in the right arm while snipe shooting near Center Moriches, this state. It is said that amputation may be necessary.

SEVEN KILLED.

Horrible Results of an Explosion In a Firearm Factory.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 22.—An appalling accident occurred yesterday in the shell-loading department of the Winchester Repeating Firearms company shops. Without an instant warning six human beings lost their lives by an explosion and another victim died soon afterward at the hospital. A score of others were more or less seriously injured, but no further fatalities are anticipated.

More than 150 men and women are employed in the loading department and that more fatalities did not result from the explosion is almost miraculous.

The hundreds of people who gathered about the gates immediately after the explosion witnessed a gruesome sight. Six dead bodies, blackened with powder and frightfully mangled almost beyond recognition, were lying on the floor. Nearly two men were writhing in agony and all about men were running with their faces and arms bleeding from shot wounds, unmindful of their own injuries, but trying to assist the injured and quell the confusion. Owing to the number of girls who were taken out in a fainting condition, it was believed that many of them were seriously injured and there was a great feeling of relief when it was found that in most cases they were unharmed.

DEFIED THE AUTHORITIES.

Girls In the Missouri Industrial Home Defy the Officials.

CHILLICOTHE, Mo., July 22.—Thirteen girls in the State Industrial Home for Girls, defied the authorities of the institution and a riot ensued. When the girls were ordered to march from Mar-maduke cottage to the schoolroom they revolted, under the leadership of an incorrigible named Frye from St. Joseph, who asserted that it was too hot to study. Arming themselves with chairs, the girls defied the women officials and when Watchman Robert Robinson and Gardener Smith were called in a general fight with chairs ensued.

The men and several of the girls were painfully bruised. In the meantime the local police had been telephoned for and the appearance of the bluescouts put the girls to flight. Several jumped from windows in their efforts to escape, but all were captured and locked up in the dark cells of the institution. The real cause of the trouble is said to have been whisky, which is supposed to have been smuggled in by plumbers working in the building.

WAITING FOR NEWS.

Word From Andree's Polar Balloon Expected Soon.

LONGWOOD, July 22.—There seems to be reason to believe that news will be received from Andree and his polar balloon within a day or two. J. Scott Kellogg, the secretary of the Royal Geographical society, says: "The balloon ought to make 480 miles a day, and unless Andree stops he should be heard of within 24 hours."

"News of success or failure may be made known first by carrier pigeons, but the Royal Geographical society will hear immediately by telegraph if Andree lands where it is possible to use a wire."

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MARKET QUOTATIONS.</h

Dr. Miles' Nervine Victorious.

Physical and Mental Exhaustion Gives Way to Vigorous Activity.



MAJOR LEE TO-NIGHT.

Major Chas. W. Lee, republican candidate for congress will be given a reception at Armory Hall this evening at 7:30 o'clock. He is desirous of meeting as many voters as possible and all, regardless of party, are invited to attend and make the acquaintance of the Major. Republicans especially are urged to attend the reception.

The price of wheat at Indianapolis advanced yesterday to 73 cents, the highest price realized at this date in four years. The price on July 21, 1893, was 58 cents; on the same date in 1894 it was 46¢; in 1895 it was 65¢ and year ago it was 54¢ cents. The tendency is to still higher prices.

In another column today we reproduce the speech of Henri Watterson delivered at the national democrat state convention at Louisville a few days ago. It is a vigorous discussion of the recent free coinage craze which is rapidly dying out as a political issue. It will well repay you a careful reading.

The figures of the tax gatherers in Indiana place the tax valuation of \$536,000,000 on farms and farm improvements. Against this there is a mortgage indebtedness of \$64,000,000. Indiana farmers are not in such desperate condition and compared with men in other lines of business they may be regarded as fairly prosperous.

The Columbus Herald has lost some of its dead-sure feeling about Griffith's election and is now urging that he will need all the votes he can get. It is now urging democrats to vote and says their votes "are needed even if we were certain of having a thousand majority." A change has evidently come over democracy since some of Griffith's over zealous friends declared that he would be elected by democrat votes and by democrat votes alone.

The Evening News devotes twice as much space to the announcement of Browder's populist meeting than it does to the announcement of the democratic freesilver meeting. In the course of the Browder announcement we find this paragraph:

"He will clearly define the difference between the People's party and other parties; and will abundantly demonstrate that the principles of the People's party furnish the only remedy for our national ills, and the only hope for the common people."

The News has often been accused of popocracy, but has always strenuously denied it and insisted that it is "the only recognized advocate of true democracy in Seymour."

POLITICAL BREVITIES.

A democratic paper demands "the elimination of the bolters." Who are the democratic bolters? The majority bolted from the democratic principles, and the sound-men refused to abide that act. Who are the real democratic bolters?—Rushville Republican.

**

Comrade Chas. W. Lee, the republican nominee for Congress, is said to be a soldier, a preacher, a farmer, a Mason, an Odd Fellow, a Knight of Pythias and a Red Man. He seems to have been something of a "jiner." And there is an excellent opportunity for him to "jine" Congress.—North Vernon Republican.

**

Editor Clark was at Indianapolis on Sunday, and informed a Sentinel reporter that it was his opinion that Mr. Griffith would be elected. This is important, since it has been noise about the "king" is not rending any linen, and would not be greatly disappointed if Mr. Griffith should be beaten say about 2,500 votes.—Greensburg Review.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whisky nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents and \$1.00 per bottle at W. F. Peter's drug store.

Cascarets stimulate liver, kidneys, and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe like this. Cascarets stimulate liver, kidneys, and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe like this.

Just try a 10c box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

CASCARETS.

Is in every

A DEAD ISSUE

IS THE FREE COINAGE OF SILVER.

So Says Henri Watterson—"The Free and Independent Coinage of Silver at the Ratio of 16 to 1, or Any Other Ratio, Is as Dead as the Institution of African Slavery"—Kentucky Democrats Applaud the Statement.

The state convention of the National Democratic party of Kentucky, held at Louisville last week, was one of the most remarkable conventions ever held by any party in the blue grass state. It was representative of the intelligence, conscience and patriotism of Kentucky's Democracy. Almost a thousand delegates were present. John G. Carlisle, Henry Watterson, General Buckner and Senator Lindsey were the great stars. Words rang out from them and others that will not be lost upon Kentucky and the Nation. Following is Mr. Watterson's speech in part:

The internal history of the Democratic party the last three decades has been marked by an almost unbroken struggle against the forces of reaction. Those forces arrayed themselves first upon the side of a visionary scheme to upset the three last constitutional amendments and thus to alter, if not reverse, the result of the war. He who opposed this visionary scheme was denounced as a traitor to the south and a radical in disguise. The scheme itself played directly into the hands of the radicals. It helped them to make their case against the loyalty of the south and to solidify the north. It confused and perverted Democratic counsels. It delayed the day of deliverance. But no sooner had it vanished from the scene, an exploded bomb, than it was succeeded by another device equally misleading.

This was a plan for paying the national debt in greenbacks and for flooding the country with an irredeemable paper currency. There being nothing back of it, however, except falsehood and noise, it speedily came to an end. Yet it held its own long enough to consolidate the Republicans, to divide the Democrats and to retard the coming of that better understanding between the sections of the Union which good men were so earnestly seeking. Whilst it lasted its votaries stigmatized every one who opposed it as a blinded bondholder and an enemy of the people. Finally, brought back to power, in spite of its reactionary elements, the Democratic party had to face the responsibilities of government. But the impracticables who had done their uttermost to keep it out of power forever, and had greatly obstructed its progress, were neither extinguished nor subdued. They proceeded with their work of party dismemberment. They defeated the party's declared tariff policy. They defeated its conservative fiscal policy. Then, fully organized, they devised a scheme having all the evil advantages of the two which had preceded it, with some thing to spare. This was nothing less than the abandonment of the high ground which the Democratic party had always occupied in fighting the battles of the people and the concentration upon a lower level of all the disaffected elements of society.

Depended on Class Hatred.

It was something more than a new departure. It was to all intents and purposes a revolution. It took no account of the party's origin and nature, its orderly antecedents and deliberate character. Precipitating a national convention into a tumult, it proceeded in a frenzy of excitement to adopt a platform subversive of Democratic principles constructed to meet the requirement of the silver protectionists on the one hand and the Populists on the other—and nominated a ticket which depended wholly for its election on the success of its appeals to class hatred.

Then followed such a campaign as patriotic men may well wish never to see again. And to what purpose? To this simple—that the revolution arranged so carefully and forced with such a high hand was a failure; that the combination of Populism and free silver Republicanism and reactionary Democracy was not strong enough to carry the country; in one word, that these oversanguine gentlemen had perpetrated a dreadful miscellany, splitting their party wide open to make a futile fusion with the winds, and, in point of fact, selling their birthright for a promised mess of pottage they could not get. I leave it to any fairminded intelligent Democrat to say whether this is not a truthful report of the proceedings to the occasion which has brought us together.

For 30 years the men who headed this disastrous movement have been seeking ineffectually to defeat the party policy from the higher to the lower plane of political thought and action. During the 60s they were shouting "down with the constitutional amendments." During the 70s they were shouting "down with the blotted bondholders." In the saddle at last, it was "down with the courts of law—down with the money of the people and the credit of the nation—and up with the red banner of repudiation and anarchy."

I would do no man injustice. I would misstate the position of no set of men. But I submit that the whole warp and woof both of the organization and the argument of the Bryan-Sewall-Watson campaign of last year led to this conclusion, and nowhere else; and I contend that, if there be not enough of enlightened conservatism in the people to interpose between the warring extremes of agrarianism and rapacity the strong arm of a democracy, unfeigned and undefiled—still true to the spirit of the fathers and the traditions of the past—the country will presently be reduced to a condition where the good of the many is wholly subordinate to the will of the few, and it will matter little which of the extremes the few may in reality represent. As good Democrats—as men, who love their country and their party, and would fain do something to rescue the one from destruction and to preserve the credit and order of the other, we are here this day.

We are here to appeal, it may be for the last time, to the sound sense and judgment of our fellow Democrats. We are here to protest against the vagaries of body of incompetent leaders, who have prostituted the name and the principles of the party, and who seem more than ever bent upon pursuing the course which has wrecked us, yet who can present no claim to the party confidence except such may be allowed two defeats in hand, with the deluge yet to come.

Debt as Political Issue.

As a political issue, the free and independent coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, or any other ratio, is as dead as the institution of African slavery. After the wretched experience the Democratic party has had of it there would be no thought of keeping it longer before the people, even to vindicate those who are responsible for the evil it has done us, except that back of it still stand the silver kings of the rotten boroughs and the stock jobbers of the senate of the United States. These represent millions of present and speculative wealth,

supplying the needed sinews of war, and whilst the agitation lasts—no matter what comes of it or who suffers—it can be made to serve the ends, sometimes political and sometimes pecuniary, of those who have it in their special keeping, and who never mean to let it go until forced to do so by public opinion. In God's name, I ask, shall the great historic Democratic party, with all its glorious achievements and noble possibilities, be scuttled and sunk by such men and in actual sight of an open sea and safe harbor? It is with the rank and file of the party to say. To the rank and file, therefore, we turn with eager, but with confident hope. We ask them, in sober truth, as friends and brothers, to look about them, to stop and think, and, seeing whether we are being hurried

by passion and error, to help us reverse the engines before it is too late.

I am not unmindful of the circumstance that many honest Democrats have been honestly deluded into the belief that there is something in the free-silver suggestion. Gentlemen, there is nothing, absolutely nothing. It is the most barren of barren idealities. I but quote from a speech made by myself some seven years ago when I say that, if the skies should rain silver—if the creeks and the coves should overflow with silver—so that the farmer could come and fill his baskets and sacks with it and eat it off—it would yield him no permanent relief, but, under the theories and methods of taxation, both national and domestic, to which he tamely submits, it would quickly find its way back to where all his earnings and accretions go; that is, into the pockets of persons named by law to rob him. Since I live on a farm and when the mortgage is lifted shall own a farm, I may claim to be something of a farmer myself; and I speak from the standpoint of immediate, practical, personal knowledge. Being his compatriot, sharing with him every common interest, I certainly am equally his friend and neighbor and not his enemy; I could not do him an injury without doing myself an injury; and, two things I assert, waiting on the event of my vindication: First, the iridescent dream of free silver coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1, which means nothing but silver monometalism, will never materialize in this mighty land and never should; and, second, that it is to the farmer a blessing that it never will, for the reason that, whilst Mexicanizing our currency and building a Chinese wall around our commerce, it would reduce him to a condition little better than that of the peon of Latin America or the poor Sicilian peasants, who never saw a golden coin in all their days, but who eke out precarious lives on shipbuilders and copper. Indeed, it can only be to shipbuilders and copper, and not to gold and silver, that the free silver philosopher refers and means—where he means anything at all—when he talks about "bimetallism."

Free Silver Philosophy.

There is not one of these free silver philosophers who, if he be entirely sincere, can give any better reason for the faith that is in him than that by making money worthless, and abolishing credits, his bold theory will wipe out all indebtedness, public and private. I admit the force of the argument. It appeals to every man who is heedless of his country's honor and his own. It appeals to every bankrupt in the land. If we were a nation of bankrupts, it might be worth our while to consider it; though, even as a specific for debt—such as a promised relief to the insolvent—I would reject it as in the last degree misleading.

The statesmen who propose it play finance as children play blind-man's buff, in their horrid travesty the poor debtor being the blind man. They assume everything for granted in the public credulity. Yet it is a demonstrable proposition that, before they could get their machinery moving—before they could set up their silvermills and perfect their ragamuffin plenty—before they could issue dollars plentiful enough and cheap enough to come within easy reach of the mortgaged bondholder and the insolvent merchant—there would be no farm left to release, no stock of goods to be sold off at advance prices. The big credits would swallow up the little credits. The return of money borrowed of other lands on American securities would be at once demanded. The banks of international exchange would come back on the local banks. The local banks would be forced to call in their loans and close their accounts, and, most likely along with them, their doors. Long before the promised streams of free silver reached him, the farmer would be wiped out—the merchant would be wiped out—leaving only the adventurer, with nothing to lose, to tell the tale. Even he would in most cases end where he began, with nothing, or with worse than nothing—like those who, during the war, found themselves loaded down with that money of which it was commonly said that the more you had of it the worse off you were. In short, the remedy proposed by these visionaries and optimistic philosophers—these chasers of political and other rainbows—is a piece with the prescription of the quack doctor, "good to cure in 30 days," and consequently valueless to the patient doomed to death except to get relief in 90.

Neither Bankrupts Nor Swindlers.

Let us give thanks to God that we are not a nation of bankrupts. Neither are we a generation of swindlers. We claim to be a race of brave, upright and solvent men, who mean to pay our honest debts, dollar for dollar, and will do so if permitted by those rampant leaders who have stolen the household of Democracy for their harebrained excursions, and who, lured by siren voices and heedless of the volcano frowning above them, are sailing in fanatical security over the treacherous waters of Vesuvian seas. From the beginning they were doomed to shipwreck. They are wanting in all the essential elements of success in life on land or sea.

Even in their own trade of professional politics—they are rank failures. Where they are sincere they are deluded. Where they are loyal they are mistaken. Where they are disinterested—if the word has any place in their vocabulary—they equally lack discernment and composure. Intolerant and short-sighted—overflowing with excitement and misinformation—to often they are merely vain, selfish and vengeful. Men of this stamp never win in the long run, and never deserve to win. They would not know what to do with a substantial victory even if it were possible for them to achieve one. Across the brow of each of them is written the motto, "rule or ruin," and just beneath it the curse of Remus. "Unstable as water thou shalt be allowed two defeats in hand, with the deluge yet to come."

Knowing them for what they are, no prudent man would commit any private affair of pith and moment into the custody of such attorneys; though it is not easy to conceive how they could separately, or as a body, handle the least of private affairs more disastrously than they have handled the affairs of the Democratic party. For, to change the figure somewhat, to fetch it home and adapt it to our native parts of speech, they have played a very loose and a very losing game; they have run a very dubious and a very desperate race; they have left out of their betting books a dark horse, and an exceeding dark horse, but one that was never known to be left at the post; a dark horse they have

nor even mentioned, far less considered, in their calculations, but which they will have to reckon with; and this dark horse is the heart and brain, the conscience, the moral nature of the people of Kentucky.

For one, I am willing to trust my fate, for good or ill—to rest my case now, and through all time—with that heart, that brain, that conscience, that moral nature, I am not conscious of having committed any crime, unless it be a crime to love Kentucky and to place her fame and honor above every other consideration. I do not think that I have perpetrated any act, or written or uttered any word, which should cost me the loss of the confidence and respect of my fellow Democrats of Kentucky.

I am ready to go to lay at the feet whatever of service I have done as their agent, whatever of success or failure I may have achieved in their cause. But my discharge must emanate from headquarters and come to me by authority. I will surrender my commission as a Democrat to nobody except the Democrats of Kentucky. No set of self-constituted leaders in their impotent blasphemy, arrogating to themselves the providence of God and consigning Democrats at least as good as themselves not merely to death, but to damnation, can drive me, or such as me, out of the Democratic party. It is fit that men should talk about the guillotine who carry in their hearts the spirit of Robespierre, Danton and Marat. It is fit that we should hear nothing higher, purer, wiser than the gibbet and the stake from men who have no other conception of party warfare than personal defamation, insult and menace, nor of government, except as an abomination for mendacious politicians. Such men are not my peers; they cannot try me; they cannot convict me; they cannot scare me and, above all, they cannot cast me out. I repeat, nobody can do these things except the Democrats of Kentucky, and they only at the ballot box.

Killed on the Panhandle.

REEDKEY, Ind., July 22.—Jefferson Lacey, 37 years old, was run down by a Panhandle freight here and instantly killed. The top of his head was mashed to a pulp and his right foot cut off at the ankles. He had been drinking, and it is thought, while under the influence of liquor, wandered on the track and went to sleep.

Crushed to Death.

CRUSHED TO DEATH

Benjamin Thomas Falls From the Sixth Story of a Skyscraper.

KILLED ON THE PANHANDLE.

Murderer Payne Appeals to Indiana Friends to Save His Neck—Farmers Plundered by Circus Sharps—Elkhart County's Wheat Crop—Rev. Hartwell a Hopeless Mental Wreck.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 22.—Benjamin Thomas, who had charge of the freight elevator in the 12-story Stevenson block, fell from the sixth story last night to the basement and was killed. An insurance firm was moving into the block and the elevator car was crowded with books, papers and office furniture. It is supposed something fell and Thomas in trying to catch it fell between the machine and the floor. His legs were crushed and the door of the elevator broken. The machine did not stop and Thomas fell to the basement. When found he was buried under a pile of books and papers.

DALTON AND HOLASPELLE.

Two Noted Whoozies Released From the Indiana Reformatory.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., July 22.—James Dalton and George Holaspelle have been released from the Indiana reformatory. This recalls a crime committed in 1883 that startled southern Indiana. Elijah Dalton and his wife lived near Blue river and their family affairs were not the most harmonious. He was 70 years old and she in the prime of life. One night a number of men appeared at the Dalton home, took the woman from her bed, stripped her to the waist, tied her to a tree and unmercifully whipped her with Hickory withes. During the outrage, her husband stood by and offered no interference. At first it was thought the assailants would escape, but one day Arthur Barnett confessed, giving the names of the party, which resulted in Elijah Dalton, James Dalton and George Holaspelle being sentenced to five years each, E. M. Boiling to three years and Arthur Barnett to two years. Elijah Dalton died after serving two years.

APPEALS TO INDIANA FRIENDS.

Patrick Payne to Hang For Wife Murder Tomorrow Unless Resolved.

LAPORTE, Ind., July 22.—Patrick Payne, recently a resident of Alton, Illinois, now under sentence of death for the murder of his wife at Monroe, La., has appealed to friends here to intercede with the governor of Louisiana for commutation of sentence to imprisonment for life. His wife was formerly Miss Delta Toppock of Westville. Unless respite Payne will hang tomorrow. The condemned man was a telegraph operator and well known on the Monon road.

WORKED THE SHELL GAME.

Farmers Plundered by Sharps Following a Circus.

CLOVERDALE, Ind., July 22.—A circus

which exhibited here was accompanied by a gang of sharpers who worked many confidence schemes. One farmer lost \$72 on a shell game, another \$20, while others suffered the loss of smaller amounts. Jerry Devore, a wealthy farmer, was swindled out of \$15 by the gang while the circus was at Gosport. It is said to be his fourth experience, the first time losing \$25, the second \$60 and the third \$50.

Hopeless Mental Wreck.

CAMBRIDGE CITY, Ind., July 22.—Reports have been in circulation for some time that Rev. J. H. Harwell, the former, who was declared insane, had been dismissed from the Atlanta (Ga.) asylum and was preaching again. A prominent citizen of this place has just received a letter stating that the reports are false and that Harwell is still in the asylum, a complete mental wreck, without hopes of recovery. He has a well developed case of paresis.

It Is Felt.

While the reader of a catalogue or booklet may not always appreciate the delicate points and expense of a piece of fine printing, he feels subconsciously the superiority of it. He may not be able technically to explain why one paper feels and looks better than another, why one illustration is finer and richer and truer to nature than another, but he feels that the difference is there, and unconsciously is apt to form his judgment as to the quality of the goods illustrated and described in a catalogue by his feeling as to the quality of the illustrating and printing.

There are people who think that because the masses do not understand the technicalities of printing they do not

Suits Made to Order.

Now is the time to place your order for a Summer Suit. Largest line to select from.

G. L. Attkisson, Leading Tailor.

Pressing, Dyeing and Cleaning
Old Clothes. Made to look like new
All well guaranteed. 2 door
ea. of postoffice

WANTED—UPRIGHT AND FAITHFUL gentlemen or ladies to travel for responsible, established house in Indiana. Monthly \$6.00 and expenses. Position steady. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Dept. H, Chicago. J10730

KIY REPUBLICAN

Hay at Mrs. L. L. Shields.

Blackberries for canning, Hancock's.

Choice young chickens at Hoadley's.

80 acres good land to exchange for merchandise, Box 936 City.

200 gal. of fresh vapor at Prall's the dentist. J2075

Jacob Coiner, a blind musician from Hope, was in town today.

Mrs. Frank J. Smith pleasantly entertained a number of her lady friends at cards yesterday afternoon.

When bilious or constive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed. 10c and 25c.

Miss Lottie Woessner, of Huntingburg and Miss Myrtle Marsher, of Jasper, came here this forenoon to visit relatives on White Creek.

Fresh butter, eggs, at Hoadley's.

WANTED—Middle aged woman cook, general housework, no washing good wages, widow preferred. Address E. B. T., Seymour, Ind., Box 1.

WANTED—Agent for one of the best fraternal insurance orders, either lady or gentleman. Call on or address G. A. Young, over Gates news stand. 21 2.

Fruit cans stone jars at Hoadley's.

W. R. England and S. D. Meek and families who were tented on White river for a week's fishing were rained out and the rising of the stream caused them to break camp and they came home yesterday.

Examine your tongue; it is coated. Have you bad breath, sick stomach with sour belchings? If so, take Dr. Bull's Pills as directed for dyspepsia and you will be cured. 10 and 25 cents.

Clarence Eckart will give a rope walking exhibition on South Chestnut street opposite the Baldwin piano store tonight. He will begin promptly at 7 o'clock so as to have time for the exhibition before dark.

Y. M. I. social, the Young Men's Institute will give an ice cream social at the residence of Joseph Fettig Thursday night July 22. Music by the Nightingale band. Everybody invited. J19 4t

An Old Fashioned Drink.

Years ago, before Soda fountains were as plentiful as now, our Grandmothers made Raspberry Syrup. It was good. It is good now. We serve it at our soda counter. Lots of other things you may need at

COX'S PHARMACY.

Marriage Licenses.
Geo. D. Prather to Louisa Brandt.
Marshal Norman to Edith L. Marrow.
Wm. H. Snyder to Helena E. Stille.

The time of teething is a very critical period with infants. There is nothing so good for alleviating the baby's pain and allaying pain and allaying fever as Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. Sold for only 25 cents.

You may hunt the world over and you will not find another medicine equal to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel complaints. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. For sale by C. W. Milhouse

Death of Mrs. Attkisson.

Mrs. Ellen Attkisson, consort of the late Robert Attkisson, died at 5 o'clock, Wednesday evening, July 21, 1897, at her home near Surprise, with dropsy and heart trouble, aged fifty years. She was born and raised in Hamilton township and she was held in high esteem. Three sons and two daughters survive, who have the tender sympathy of all. Funeral near her late home this afternoon.

CASTORIA.

The famous
measure


BACK

A BROKEN NOSE.

And a Narrow Escape the Result of a Runaway Last Night.

Miss Effie Bollinger is accustomed to going to the gas well at the woolen mill each evening to get a jug of mineral water. Last evening when she drove down she took with her Ed. Hance c't's little daughter, Catharine, and Miss Lulu Casey and her little infant sister.

As they were returning near the corner of Fourth and Walnut streets they met a tandem. The men on the tandem were on the left hand side of the street, but the young ladies turned out to avoid them. Just as the wheel came up to the rig it turned suddenly and ran under the horse. This frightened the horse and caused it to turn quickly round and start down the street. In

turning the carriage struck a post breaking it off. The horse started on but was pulled between two other posts or trees and there broke loose from the buggy and ran down the street. When

found the horse was entirely stripped of harness. The buggy was a complete wreck. None of the occupants were hurt except Miss Casey whose nose was broken. She does not know when it was done but supposes some part of the broken top struck her across the face.

That the result was not more serious is remarkable. Miss Casey is resting fairly comfortably today and will probably recover entirely in a few days.

Lee House went to Vallaonia this morning to spend a week hunting and fishing with his brother, John House, and family.

Charles Bolles and wife after a pleasant visit to his cousin, Mrs. W. J. Smith, returned last evening to Jennings county.

Mrs. C. C. Sappington, her son and daughter, left this morning for Toledo, O., by way of the B. & O. to visit her sister, Mrs. Hayden.

Mrs. E. W. Blish is handsomely entertaining two ladies of Anderson and several of Seymour at her rustic cabin in Hamilton township.

Mrs. Charles Bevin who has been quite sick for two weeks with stomach trouble is much better and able to be up most of the time.

Mrs. America Nay, who has been royally entertained by Mrs. Elwyn Hugbanks and family, returned last night to Indianapolis.

Charles Graessle and sister, Miss Louise, came home last night from attending the exposition at Nashville, Tenn., and visiting friends.

C. J. Berry and two daughters, of Elwood, went this morning to Logoo to attend the funeral of Aaron Hougham, one of the oldest citizens of Martin county.

Miss Lizzie Patterson, long connected with the Jonas Hotel, has severed her position there and went last evening to Charlestown to spend the summer with her mother.

Rev. J. W. Clevenger and wife, Misses Alice Cobb, Lillian and Bertie Brown have returned from a pleasant trip to Chattanooga, where they attended the international convention of the Baptist Young People's Union.

Miss Bertha Alves is home from a protracted visit to Nashville, Tenn., and taking in the exposition. She spent much of her time with the family of Rev. Herzer, formerly of Seymour. Miss Bertha never spent a more pleasant time anywhere.

Mrs. Ed. Blish and Mrs. Crowe, went to "Idle-Wild," Mrs. Blish's cabin, Tuesday to prepare to receive as her guests until Monday the Misses Josie and Villa Harb, of Anderson, Libbie and Florence Greer, Nora and Maggie Campbell, Ella Rankin, Ida McDuff and Mary and Anna Crowe. This fun-loving crowd of twelve will rusticate in one of nature's loveliest spots, lounging in hammocks and swings and making the air resonant with mandolin and guitar while they partake of Mrs. Blish's hospitality.

For Sale at a Bargain.

Engineer John Lehan offers for sale his beautiful new residence of six rooms bath room, gas, cistern and cellar all in good condition and an up-to-date residence, corner of Broadway and Third streets. For terms &c., call at the premises.

J19 4t

PERSONALS.

E. A. Remy is quite sick today and unable to be at the office.

Rev. F. H. Tormahlen is visiting friends near Pleasant Grove.

Miss Effie Liston is here from Franklin the guest of Mrs. E. M. Wilson.

Morris Mayer, of the Boston Shoe Store went to Bedford this morning sick.

Arthur H. Berry, of Chicago, came here last night to spend a time with friends.

Robert Elliott, of Indianapolis, was thought to be slightly better this morning.

George H. Bothwell and wife, of Eminence, Ky., came here this morning to visit relatives.

Brakeman William Childers, who had his ankle broken Tuesday is suffering much pain.

Miss Beatrice Cozine left this morning for Saginaw, Mich., to visit Miss Daisy Benjamin.

Henry Siebenburg, and family left this morning for Ohio on business and pleasure combined.

Judge W. K. Marshall who has been confined to his home with bilious trouble is able to be out again.

Miss Pearl Schweng went yesterday to Beck's Grove to visit her aunt, Mrs. Lon Phillips, and family.

A. W. Swain and Miss Ella Swan, of Canton, O., came here this forenoon to visit relatives and friends.

Mrs. Charles E. Miles, who has long been an invalid, is feeling better and stronger now than in a year.

Miss Leota Wood, of Elbergeld, who has been the guest of Seymour friends' went last evening to Columbus.

Miss Kate Tomback walked up town last evening and she has about recovered and feels better than in a long time.

Misses Iva and Grace Houghland, of Louisville, came here last evening to spend some time with relatives and friends.

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J19 4t

STREET FAIR.

Seymour Merchants are Preparing for a Successful Exhibition.

For some time several of our merchants have been urging the desirability of holding a street fair this year. Last night the matter assumed definite shape when several of our most prominent citizens assembled at Armory hall where the feasibility of such a demonstration was discussed. So heartily was the project endorsed that the meeting was called to order and the following officers were elected:

President, T. S. Blish; vice president, Dr. Graessle; secretary, G. A. Clark; treasurer, Phil. J. Fettig.

The president then appointed the following committees:

Executive committee: T. S. Blish, H. M. Schweng, J. F. Shiel, W. L. Johnson, Henry Price.

Amusement committee: Dr. Graessle, Alpha Cox, Geo. Ensenberger, J. F. Shiel, W. E. Gerrish.

Advertising committee: W. L. Johnson, Simon Strauss, Henry Price.

With these energetic citizens in command the success of the enterprise is assured.

BRICK STREET WORK.

Contractors and Teamsters Reach an Agreement—Work Resumed.

Last night fifteen of the teamsters reached an agreement with the contractors by which they went to work this morning hauling gravel from Schneek's bar for 42 cents, the contractors furnishing the gravel. Some concessions were made on both sides in order to reach the agreement. A few of the men are still holding out for their price but the work is progressing rapidly today on Chestnut street where it was stopped a week ago. Most of the teams are hauling a yard and a half or more at a load and they can make four loads per day. At noon two sets of men were put to work making the concrete for foundation for the bricks and are pushing the work along rapidly. The end of the work on these blocks is now in sight and the work on the remaining blocks will be pushed rapidly.

Important Notice.

It has come to our knowledge that certain unscrupulous dealers, have imitated for the purpose of deceiving smokers, "SALMON P. CHASE" cigars.

We caution the public that the genuine and original "SALMON P. CHASE" cigars are manufactured only by L. Newburger & Bros., Factory No. 18, First District Ohio, Cincinnati, all others are spurious and counterfeits.

In order to maintain the high reputation of "SALMON P. CHASE," as the best and leading 5 cent cigar, we are determined to prosecute all infringements to the fullest extent of the law.

FRED RUSENBUSH & CO.,
General Distributors.

W. A. Carter, of Seymour, purchased a piano and O. H. P. Gibbs and Mrs. Phoebe A. St. John, of Martinsville, purchased organs of S. V. Harding yesterday.

RAILROAD RUMBLINGS.

C. C. Sappington, of the J. M. & I., made a business trip this forenoon to Madison.

Trainmaster N. C. Bennette, of the J. M. & I., came up last evening from New Albany.

Train No. 6 took 425 people from St. Louis to Cincinnati to attend the Epworth League convention.

Fireman Ed. Boyles had his left arm broken near the wrist yesterday by falling between the engine and the mail car at Cincinnati. He came home last night.

It costs nearly \$1,000,000 annually to operate the railways of this country. This includes all expenses, repairs, bridge and tie building and the wages of employees. There are 800,000 railway employees in the United States.

Conductor W. M. Robertson, of the J. M. & I., who was badly cut some time ago by a ruffian at Sellersburg, has so far recovered that himself, wife and daughter came here this morning and went to Rivervale on a fishing expedition.

The brakeman, George Shipman, who was also seriously stabbed at the same time is also doing well.

Good cake can be made in half a dozen ways; the best cake only by using Cleveland's baking powder.

If you can make good cake, you are the one to appreciate Cleveland's baking powder.

It makes just that delicate, dainty kind that expert cake-makers strive for.

Guarantee.

Grocers are authorized to give back your money if you do not find Cleveland's the best baking powder you have ever used.

Cleveland Baking Powder Co., N.Y.

EVANSVILLE & RICHMOND.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Victorious.

Physical and Mental Exhaustion Gives Way to Vigorous Activity.



MAJOR LEE TO-NIGHT.

Major Chas. W. Lee, republican candidate for congress will be given a reception at Armory Hall this evening at 7:30 o'clock. He is desirous of meeting as many voters as possible and all, regardless of party, are invited to attend and make the acquaintance of the Major. Republicans especially are urged to attend the reception.

A DEAD ISSUE

IS THE FREE COINAGE OF SILVER.

So Say Henri Watterson—"The Free and Independent Coinage of Silver at the Ratio of 16 to 1, or Any Other Ratio, Is as Dead as the Institution of African Slavery"—Kentucky Democrats Applaud the Statement.

The state convention of the National Democratic party of Kentucky, held at Louisville last week, was one of the most remarkable conventions ever held by any party in the blue grass state. It was representative of the intelligence, conscience and patriotism of Kentucky's Democracy. Almost a thousand delegates were present. John G. Carlisle, Henry Watterson, General Buckner and Senator Lindsey were the great stars. Words rang out from them and others that will not be lost upon Kentucky and the Nation. Following is Mr. Watterson's speech in part:

The internal history of the Democratic party the last three decades has been marked by an almost unbroken struggle against the forces of reaction. Those forces arrayed themselves first upon the side of a visionary scheme to upset the three last constitutional amendments and thus to alter, if not reverse, the result of the war. He who opposed this visionary scheme was denounced as a traitor to the south and a radical in disguise. The scheme itself played directly into the hands of the radicals. It helped them to make their case against the loyalty of the south and to solidify the north. It confused and perverted Democratic counsels. It delayed the day of deliverance. But no sooner had it vanished from the scene, an exploded bomb, than it was succeeded by another device equally misleading.

This was a plan for paying the national debt in greenbacks and for flooding the country with an irredeemable paper currency. There being nothing back of it, however, except fallacy and noise, it speedily came to an end. Yet it held its own long enough to consolidate the Republicans, to divide the Democrats and to retard the coming of that better understanding between the sections of the Union which good men were so earnestly seeking. Whilst it lasted its votaries stigmatized every one who opposed it as a bloated bondholder and an enemy of the people. Finally, brought back to power, in spite of its reactionary elements, the Democratic party had to face the responsibilities of government. But the impracticalities of men had done their uttermost to keep it out of power forever, and had greatly obstructed its progress, were neither extinguished nor subdued. They proceeded with their work of party dismemberment. They defeated the party's declared tariff policy. They defeated its conservative fiscal policy. Then, fully organized, they devised a scheme having all the evil advantages of the two which had preceded it, with something to spare. This was nothing less than the abandonment of the high ground which the Democratic party had always occupied in fighting the battles of the people and the concentration upon a lower level of all the disaffected elements of society.

Depended on Class Hatred.

It was something more than a new departure. It was to all intents and purposes a revolution. It took no account of the party's origin and nature, its orderly antecedents and deliberate character. Precipitating a national convention into a tumult, it proceeded in a frenzy of excitement to adopt a platform subversive of Democratic principles—constructed to meet the requirement of the silver protectionists on the one hand and the silverites on the other—and nominated a ticket which depended wholly for its election on the success of its appeals to class hatred. Then followed such a campaign as patriotic men may well wish never to see again. And to what purpose? To this simply—that the revolution arranged so carefully and forced with such a high hand was a failure; that the combination of Populism and free silver Republicanism and reactionary Democracy was not strong enough to carry the country; in one word, that these overbearing gentlemen had perpetrated a dreadful misfortune, splitting their party wide open to make a futile fusion with the winds, and in point of fact, selling their birthright for a promised mess of pottage they failed to get. I leave it to any fairminded intelligent Democrat to say whether this is not a truthful report of the proceedings down to the occasion which has brought us together.

The statemen who propose it play the game as children play blind-man's buff, in their horrid travesty, the poor debtor being the blind man. They assume everything for their plan of deliverance. They take everything for granted in the public credulity. Yet it is a demonstrable proposition that before they could get their machinery going—before they could set up their silvermine, and perfect their rag-money plants—before they could issue dollars plentiful enough and cheap enough to come within easy reach of the mortgaged, ridden farmer and the insolvent merchant—there would be no farm left to release, no stock of goods to be sold off at advance prices. The big credits would swallow up the little credits. The return of money borrowed of other lands on American securities would be at once demanded. The banks of international exchange would come back on the local banks. The local banks would be forced to call in their loans and close their accounts, and, most likely along with them, their doors. Long before the promised streams of free silver reached him, the farmer would be wiped out—the merchant would be wiped out—leaving only the adventurer, with nothing to lose, to tell the tale. Even he would in most cases end where he began, with nothing, or with worse than nothing—like those who, during the war, found themselves loaded down with that money of which it was commonly said that the more you had of it the worse off you were. In short, the remedy proposed by these visionary financiers and optimistic philosophers—these chasers of political and other rainbows—is a piece with the prescription of the quack doctor, "good to cure in 30 days," and consequently valueless to the patient doomed to death except to get relief in 20.

Neither Bankrupt Nor Swindlers.

We let us give thanks to God that we are not a nation of bankrupts. Neither are we a generation of swindlers. We claim to be a race of brave, upright and solvent men, who mean to pay our honest debts, dollar for dollar, and will do so if permitted by those rampant leaders who have stolen the housebank of Democracy for their hare-brained excursions, and who, lured by siren voices and heedless of the volcano frowning above them, are sailing in fatal security over the treacherous waters of Vesuvius seas. From the beginning they were doomed to shipwreck. They are wanting in all the essential elements of success in life on land or sea.

Even in their own trade of professional politics they are rank failures. Where they are sincere they are deluded. Where they are loyal they are mistaken. Where they are disinterested—if the word has any place in their vocabulary—they equally lack discernment and composure. Intolerant and short-sighted—overflowing with excitement and misinformation—too often they are merely vain, selfish and vengeful. Men of this stamp never win in the long run, and never deserve to win. They would not know what to do with a substantial victory even if it were possible for them to achieve one. Across the brow of each of them is written the motto, "rule or ruin," and just beneath it the curse of Reuben. "Unstable as water thou shalt not endure."

Knowing them for what they are, no prudent man would commit any private affair of pith and moment into the custody of such attorneys; though it is not easy to conceive how they could separately, or as a body, handle the least of private affairs more disastrously than they have handled the affairs of the Democratic party. For, to change the figure somewhat, to fetch it home and adapt it to our native parts of speech, they have played a very loose and a very losing game; they have run a very dubious and a very desperate race; they have left out of their betting books a dark horse, and an exceeding dark horse, but one that was never known to be left at the post, a dark horse they have

supposing the needed news of war, and whilst the agitation lasts—no matter what comes of it or who suffers—it can be made to serve the ends, sometimes political and sometimes pecuniary, of those who have it in their special keeping, and who never mean to let it go until forced to do so by public opinion. In God's name, I ask, shall the great historic Democratic party, with all its glorious achievements and noble possibilities, be scuttled and sunk by such men and in actual sight of an open sea and safe harbor? It is with the rank and file of the party to say. To the rank and file, therefore, we turn with eager, but with confident hope. We ask them, in sober truth, as friends and brothers, to look about them, to stop and think, and seeing whether we are being hurried

by passion and error, to help us reverse the engines before it is too late.

I am not unmindful of the circumstance that many honest Democrats have been honestly deluded into the belief that there is something in the free silver suggestion. Gentlemen, there is nothing, absolutely nothing. It is the most barren of barren possibilities. I quote from a speech made by myself some seven years ago when I say that, if the skies should roar silver—if the crooks and the coves should overflow with silver—so that the farmer could come and fill his baskets and sacks with it and cart it off—it would yield him no permanent relief, but, under the theories and methods of taxation, both national and domestic, to which he tamely submits, it would quickly find its way back to where all his earnings and accretions go; that is, into the pockets of persons named by law to rob him. Since I live on a farm and when the mortgage is lifted shall own a farm, I may claim to be something of a farmer myself; and I speak from the standpoint of immediate, practical, personal knowledge. Being his compatriot, sharing with him every common interest, I certainly am equally his friend and neighbor and not his enemy; I could not do him an injury without doing myself an injury; and two things I assert, waiting on the event of my vindication: First, the iridescent dream of free silver coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1, which means nothing but silver monometallism, will never materialize in this mighty land and never should; and, second, that it is to the farmer a blessing that it never will, for the reason that, whilst Mexicanizing our currency and building a Chinese wall around our commerce, it would reduce him to a condition little better than that of the peon of Latin America or the poor Sicilian peasants, who never saw a golden coin in all their days, but who eke out precarious lives on shimpasters and copper. Indeed, it can only be to shimpasters and copper, and not to gold and silver, that the free silver philosopher refers and means—where he means anything at all—when he talks about "bimetallism."

This was a plan for paying the national debt in greenbacks and for flooding the country with an irredeemable paper currency.

There being nothing back of it, however, except fallacy and noise, it speedily came to an end. Yet it held its own long enough to consolidate the Republicans, to divide the Democrats and to retard the coming of that better understanding between the sections of the Union which good men were so earnestly seeking. Whilst it lasted its votaries stigmatized every one who opposed it as a bloated bondholder and an enemy of the people. Finally, brought back to power, in spite of its reactionary elements, the Democratic party had to face the responsibilities of government. But the impracticalities of men had done their uttermost to keep it out of power forever, and had greatly obstructed its progress, were neither extinguished nor subdued. They proceeded with their work of party dismemberment. They defeated the party's declared tariff policy. They defeated its conservative fiscal policy. Then, fully organized, they devised a scheme having all the evil advantages of the two which had preceded it, with something to spare. This was nothing less than the abandonment of the high ground which the Democratic party had always occupied in fighting the battles of the people and the concentration upon a lower level of all the disaffected elements of society.

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Postoffice as Second-class Matter.

Daily Republican.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF SEYMOUR.

JAY C. SMITH, Editors and Publishers

EDW. A. REMY,

THURSDAY, JULY 21, 1897.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY.

One Year \$5.00
Six Months \$2.50
Three Months \$1.45
One Month .45
One Week 10¢

WEEKLY.

One Year in Advance \$1.00

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Postoffice as Second-class Matter.



For Congressman Fourth District,

MAJOR CHAS. W. LEE,
Of Switzerland County.

NEBRASKA farmers are too busy paying off mortgages to go to hear Mr. Bryan explain why they can not pay their debts till the silver standard obtains.

If half the prospectors who are preparing to enter the Klondyke fields get the wealth they now dream about, this country will be rolling in wealth in a few months.

Some newspaper correspondents are very much alarmed about Indiana's state house. If we accept their statements, Governor Mount and the state officers are in imminent danger of having the building come clattering about their heads at any time.

The rise in wheat will give the American farmers \$60,000,000 more for this year's crop than they received for the last. Yet the free silverites attempt to make the farmers believe that neither wheat nor anything else can rise in price unless we have free silver.

KLONDYKE is not heaven after it is reached, and Jordan is a hard road to travel. The chances are that twenty-four in every twenty-five who undertake the trip will wish but once that they had stayed at home, and that once will be all the time.—Inter Ocean.

The demand for treasury notes of small denominations continues to come from all parts of the country. This is a good indication especially as the applicants for the money state that they want the money for circulation and not to hoard it. It is another indication of prosperity.

Just try a 10¢ box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

MAJOR LEE TO-NIGHT.

Major Chas. W. Lee, republican candidate for congress will be given a reception at Armory Hall this evening at 7:30 o'clock. He is desirous of meeting as many voters as possible and all, regardless of party, are invited to attend and make the acquaintance of the Major. Republicans especially are urged to attend the reception.

THE price of wheat at Indianapolis advanced yesterday to 73 cents, the highest price realized at this date in four years. The price on July 21, 1893, was 55 cents; on the same date in 1894 it was 46¢; in 1895 it was 65 and year ago it was 54¢ cents. The tendency is to still higher prices.

Is another column today we reproduce the speech of Henri Watterson delivered at the national democrat state convention at Louisville a few days ago. It is a vigorous discussion of the recent free coinage craze which is rapidly dying out as a political issue. It will well repay you a careful reading.

The figures of the tax gatherers in Indiana place the tax valuation of \$536,000,000 on farms and farm improvements. Against this there is a mortgage indebtedness of \$64,000,000. Indiana farmers are not in such desperate condition and compared with men in other lines of business they may be regarded as fairly prosperous.

The Columbus Herald has lost some of its dead-sure feeling about Griffith's election and is now urging that he will need all the votes he can get. It is now urging democrats to vote and says their votes are needed even if we were certain of having a thousand majority.

A change has evidently come over democracy since some of Griffith's over zealous friends declared that he would be elected by democrat votes and by democrat votes alone.

The Evening News devotes twice as much space to the announcement of Browder's populist meeting that it does to the announcement of the democrat free silver meeting. In the course of the Browder announcement we find this paragraph:

"He will clearly define the difference between the People's party and other parties; and will abundantly demonstrate that the principles of the People's party furnish the only remedy for our national ill, and the only hope for the common people."

The News has often been accused of popocracy, but has always strenuously denied it and insisted that it is the only recognized advocate of true democracy in Seymour.

POLITICAL BREVITIES.

A democratic paper demands "the elimination of the bolters." Who are the democratic bolters? The majority bolted from the democratic principles, and the sound-men refused to abide that act. Who are the real democratic bolters?—Rushville Republican.

Comrade Chas. W. Lee, the republican nominee for Congress, is said to be a soldier, a preacher, a farmer, a Mason, an Odd Fellow, a Knight of Pythias and a Red Man. He seems to have been

something of a "jiner." And there is an excellent opportunity for him to "jine" Congress.—North Vernon Republican.

Editor Clark was at Indianapolis on Sunday, and informed a Sentinel reporter that it was his opinion that Mr. Griffith would be elected. This is important, since it has been noised about "the king" is not rending any linen, and would not be greatly disappointed if Mr. Griffith should be beaten by about 2,500 votes.—Greensburg Register.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whisky nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cent and \$1.00 per bottle at W. F. Peter's drug store.

Cascarets stimulate liver, kidneys, and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe like old people.

As a Political Issue.

As a political issue, the free and independent coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, or any other ratio, is as dead as the institution of African slavery. After the wretched experience the Democratic party has had of it there would be no thought of it.

Rept. It longer before the people, even to vindicate those who are responsible for the evil it has done us, except that back of it still stand the silver kings of the rotten boroughs and the stock jobbers of the senate of the United States. These represent millions of present and speculative wealth

not even mentioned, far less considered, in their calculations, but which they will have to reckon with; and this dark horse is the heart and brain, the conscience, the moral nature of the people of Kentucky.

For one, I am willing to trust my fate, for good or ill—to rest my ease now, and through all time—with that heart, that brain, that conscience, that moral nature, I am not conscious of having committed any crime, unless it be a crime to love Kentucky and to place her fame and honor above every other consideration. I do not think that I have perpetrated any act, or written or uttered any word, which should cost me the loss of the confidence and respect of my fellow Democrats of Kentucky, nor the loss of the confidence and respect of the people of the state.

The state convention of the National Democratic party of Kentucky, held at Louisville last week, was one of the most remarkable conventions ever held by any party in the blue grass state. It was representative of the intelligence, conscience and patriotism of Kentucky's Democracy. Almost a thousand delegates were present. John G. Carlisle, Henry Watterson, General Buckner and Senator Lindsey were the great stars. Words rang out from them and others that will not be lost upon Kentucky and the Nation. Following is Mr. Watterson's speech in part:

The internal history of the Democratic party the last three decades has been marked by an almost unbroken struggle against the forces of reaction. Those forces arrayed themselves first upon the side of a visionary scheme to upset the three last constitutional amendments and thus to alter, if not reverse, the result of the war. He who opposed this visionary scheme was denounced as a traitor to the south and a radical in disguise. The scheme itself played directly into the hands of the radicals. It helped them to make their case against the loyalty of the south and to solidify the north. It confused and perverted Democratic counsels. It delayed the day of deliverance. But no sooner had it vanished from the scene, an exploded bomb, than it was succeeded by another device equally misleading.

This was a plan for paying the national debt in greenbacks and for flooding the country with an irredeemable paper currency. There being nothing back of it, however, except fallacy and noise, it speedily came to an end. Yet it held its own long enough to consolidate the Republicans, to divide the Democrats and to retard the coming of that better understanding between the sections of the Union which good men were so earnestly seeking.

Whilst it lasted its votaries stigmatized every one who opposed it as a bloated bondholder and an enemy of the people. Finally, brought back to power, in spite of its reactionary elements, the Democratic party had to face the responsibilities of government. But the impracticalities of men had done their uttermost to keep it out of power forever, and had greatly obstructed its progress, were neither extinguished nor subdued. They proceeded with their work of party dismemberment. They defeated the party's declared tariff policy. They defeated its conservative fiscal policy. Then, fully organized, they devised a scheme having all the evil advantages of the two which had preceded it, with something to spare.

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<

Suits Made to Order.

Now is the time to place your order
for Summer Suit. Largest line
to select from.

G. L. Attkisson, Leading Tailor.

Pressing, Dyeing and Cleaning
Old Clothes. Made to look like new
All will be guaranteed. 2 door
ea. of postoffice

WANTED—UPRIGHT AND FAITHFUL
gentlemen or ladies to travel for responsible, established house in Indiana. Monthly \$65.00 and expenses. Position steady. Reference, Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Dept. H, Chicago. J1920

THE REPUBLICAN

Hay at Mrs. L. L. Shields.

Blackberries for canning, Hancock's.

Choice young chickens at Hoadley's.

80 acres good land to exchange for merchandise, Box 936 City. If 200 gal. of fresh vapor at Prall's the dentist. j2015

Jacob Cotner, a blind musician from Hope, was in town today.

Mrs. Frank J. Smith pleasantly entertained a number of her lady friends at cards yesterday afternoon.

When bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed. 10c and 25c.

Miss Lottie Woesner, of Huntingburg and Miss Myrtle Marsher, of Jasper, came here this forenoon to visit relatives on White Creek.

Fresh butter, eggs, at Hoadley's.

WANTED—Middle aged woman cook, general housework, no washing good wages, widow preferred. Address E. B. T., Seymour, Ind., Box I.

WANTED—Agent for one of the best fraternal insurance orders, either lady or gentleman. Call on or address G. A. Young, over Gates news stand, 21 1/2.

Fruit cans stone jars at Hoadley's.

W. R. England and S. D. Meek and families who were tented on White river for week's fishing were rained out and the rising of the stream caused them to break camp and they came home yesterday.

Examine your tongue; is it coated? Have you bad breath, sick stomach with sour belching? If so, take Dr. Bull's Pills as directed for dyspepsia and you will be cured. 10 and 25 cents.

Clarence Eckart will give a rope walking exhibition on South Chestnut street opposite the Baldwin piano store tonight. He will begin promptly at 7 o'clock so as to have time for the exhibition before dark.

Y. M. I. social—the Young Men's Institute will give an ice cream social at the residence of Joseph Fettig Thursday night July 22. Music by the Nightingale band. Everybody invited. j19 4t

An Old Fashioned Drink.

Years ago, before Soda fountains were as普遍 as they are now, our Grandmothers made Raspberry Shrub. It was good. It is good today. We serve it at our soda counter. Lots of other things you may need at

COX'S PHARMACY.

Marriage Licenses.

Geo. D. Frather to Louisa Brandt.

Marshal Norman to Edith L. Marrow.

Wm. H. Snyder to Helena E. Stille.

The time of teething is a very critical period with infants. There is nothing so good for alleviating the baby's pain and allaying pain and allaying fever as Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. Sold for only 25 cents.

You may hunt the world over and you will not find another medicine equal to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel complaints. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. For sale by C. W. Milhouse.

Death of Mrs. Attkisson.

Mrs. Ellen Attkisson, consort of the late Robert Attkisson, died at 5 o'clock, Wednesday evening, July 21, 1897, at her home near Surprise, with dropsy and heart trouble, aged fifty years. She was born and raised in Hamilton township and she was held in high esteem. Three sons and two daughters survive, who have the tender sympathy of all. Funeral near her late home this afternoon.

CASTORIA.

Years ago, before Soda fountains were as普遍 as they are now, our Grandmothers made Raspberry Shrub. It was good. It is good today. We serve it at our soda counter. Lots of other things you may need at

the office.

Engineer John Lehman offers for sale his beautiful new residence of six rooms bath room, gas, cistern and cellar all in good condition and an up-to-date residence, corner of Broadway and Third streets. For terms &c., call at the premises. j19 4t

PERSONALS.

E. A. Remy is quite sick today and unable to be at the office.

Rev. F. H. Tormohlen is visiting friends near Pleasant Grove.

Miss Etta Liston is here from Franklin the guest of Mrs. E. M. Wilson.

Morris Mayer, of the Boston Shoe Store went to Bedford this morning sick.

Arthur H. Berry, of Chicago, came here last night to spend a time with friends.

Robert Elliott, of Indianapolis, was thought to be slightly better this morning.

George H. Bothwell and wife, of Eminence, Ky., came here this morning to visit relatives.

Brakeman William Childers, who had his ankle broken Tuesday is suffering much pain.

Miss Beatrice Cozine left this morning for Saginaw, Mich., to visit Miss Lulu Casey and her little infant sister. As they were returning near the corner of Fourth and Walnut streets they met a tandem. The men on the tandem were on the left hand side of the street, but the young ladies turned out to avoid them. Just as the wheel came up to the rig it turned suddenly and ran under the horse. This frightened the horse and caused it to turn quickly round and start down the street. In turning the carriage struck a post breaking it off. The horse started on but was pulled between two other posts or trees and there broke loose from the buggy and ran down the street. When found the horse was entirely stripped of harness. The buggy was a complete wreck. None of the occupants were hurt except Miss Casey whose nose was broken. She does not know when it was done but supposes some part of the broken top struck her across the face. That the result was not more serious is remarkable. Miss Casey is resting fairly comfortably today and will probably recover entirely in a few days.

Misses Iva and Grace Houghland, of Louisville, came here last evening to spend some time with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Charles E. Miles, who has long been an invalid, is feeling better and stronger now than in a year.

Miss Leota Wood, of Elberfeld, who has been the guest of Seymour friends' went last evening to Columbus.

Miss Kate Tomback walked up town last evening and she has about recovered and feels better than in a long time.

Misses Iva and Grace Houghland, of Louisville, came here last evening to spend some time with relatives and friends.

Lee House went to Vallaonia this morning to spend a week hunting and fishing with his brother, John House, and family.

Charles Bolles and wife after a pleasant visit to his cousin, Mrs. W. J. Smith, returned last evening to Jennings county.

Mrs. C. C. Sappington, her son and daughter, left this morning for Toledo, O., by way of the B. & O. to visit her sister, Mrs. Hayden.

Mrs. E. W. Bish is handsomely entertaining two ladies of Anderson and several of Seymour at her rustic cabin in Hamilton township.

Mrs. Charles Bevins who has been quite sick for two weeks with stomach trouble is much better and able to be up most of the time.

Mrs. America Nay, who has been royally entertained by Mrs. Elwyn Hugbanks and family, returned last night to Indianapolis.

Charles Graessle and sister, Miss Louise, came home last night from attending the exposition at Nashville, Tenn., and visiting friends.

C. J. Berry and two daughters, of Elwood, went this morning to Logansport to attend the funeral of Aaron Houghton, one of the oldest citizens of Martin county.

Miss Lizzie Patterson, long connected with the Jonas Hotel, has severed her position there and went last evening to Charlestown to spend the summer with her mother.

Rev. J. W. Clevenger and wife, Misses Alice Cobb, Lillian and Bertie Brown have returned from a pleasant trip to Chattanooga, where they attended the international convention of the Baptist Young People's Union.

Miss Bertha Alves is home from a protracted visit to Nashville, Tenn., and taking in the exposition. She spent much of her time with the family of Rev. Herzer, formerly of Seymour. Miss Bertha never spent a more pleasant time anywhere.

Mrs. Ed. Bish and Mrs. Crowe, went to "Idle-Wild," Mrs. Bish's cabin, Tuesday to prepare to receive as her guests until Monday the Misses Josie and Villa Harbof Anderson, Libbie and Florence Greer, Nora and Maggie Campbell, Ella Rankin, Ida McDuff and Mary and Anna Crowe. This fun-loving crowd of twelve will rusticate in one of nature's loveliest spots, lounging in hammocks and swings and making the air resonant with mandolin and guitar while they partake of Mrs. Bish's hospitality.

A BROKEN NOSE.

And a Narrow Escape the Result of a Runaway Last Night.

Miss Ellie Bollinger is accustomed to going to the gas well at the woolen mill each evening to get a jug of mineral water. Last evening when she drove down she took with her Ed. Hanc's little daughter, Catharine, and Miss Lulu Casey and her little infant sister.

As they were returning near the corner of Fourth and Walnut streets they met a tandem. The men on the tandem were on the left hand side of the street, but the young ladies turned out to avoid them. Just as the wheel came up to the rig it turned suddenly and ran under the horse. This frightened the horse and caused it to turn quickly round and start down the street. In turning the carriage struck a post breaking it off. The horse started on but was pulled between two other posts or trees and there broke loose from the buggy and ran down the street. When found the horse was entirely stripped of harness. The buggy was a complete wreck. None of the occupants were hurt except Miss Casey whose nose was broken. She does not know when it was done but supposes some part of the broken top struck her across the face. That the result was not more serious is remarkable. Miss Casey is resting fairly comfortably today and will probably recover entirely in a few days.

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BUSINESS NOTES.

G. W. Barth is in the city from Cincinnati on business.

Willis L. Johnson and went this morning to Madison on business.

Four old veterans were before the Seymour pension board Wednesday.

The outlook for an immense corn crop was never more promising than now.

Bert Cox is the city from Indianapolis on business. He reports business on his line to be improving steadily.

George McNiece, of Surprise, came here this morning to complete arrangements for wheat threshing. The yield, he says, so far as reported is better than was thought.

For Sale at a Bargain.

Engineer John Lehman offers for sale his beautiful new residence of six rooms bath room, gas, cistern and cellar all in good condition and an up-to-date residence, corner of Broadway and Third streets. For terms &c., call at the premises. j19 4t

STREET FAIR.

Seymour Merchants are Preparing for a Successful Exhibition.

For some time several of our merchants have been urging the desirability of holding a street fair this year. Last night the matter assumed definite shape when several of our most prominent citizens assembled at Armory hall where the feasibility of such a demonstration was discussed. So heartily was the project endorsed that the meeting was called to order and the following officers were elected:

President, T. S. Bish; vice president, Dr. Graessle; secretary, G. A. Clark; treasurer, Phil. J. Fettig.

The president then appointed the following committees:

Executive committee: T. S. Bish, H. M. Schwing, J. F. Shiel, W. L. Johnson, Henry Price.

Amusement committee: Dr. Graessle, Alpha Cox, Geo. Ensenberger, J. F. Shiel, W. E. Gerrish.

Advertising committee: W. L. Johnson, Simon Strauss, Henry Price.

With these energetic citizens in command the success of the enterprise is assured.

BRICK STREET WORK.

Contractors and Teamsters Reach an Agreement—Work Resumed.

Last night fifteen of the teamsters reached an agreement with the contractors by which they went to work this morning hauling gravel from Schneck's bar for 42 cents, the contractors furnishing the gravel. Some concessions were made on both sides in order to reach the agreement. A few of the men are still holding out for their price but the work is progressing rapidly today on Chestnut street where it was stopped a week ago. Most of the teams are hauling a yard and a half or more at a load and they can make four loads per day. At noon two sets of men were put to work making the concrete for foundation for the bricks and are pushing the work along rapidly. The end of the work on these blocks is now in sight and the work on the remaining blocks will be pushed rapidly.

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We caution the public that the genuine and original "SALMON P. CHASE" cigars are manufactured only by L. Newburger & Bros., Factory No. 18, First District Ohio, Cincinnati; all others are spurious and counterfeits.

In order to maintain the high reputation of "SALMON P. CHASE" as the best and leading 5 cent cigar, we are determined to prosecute all infringements to the fullest extent of the law.

FRED R. SESSHUS & CO.,
General Distributors.

How's This.

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned have known, F. S. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfect honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle S. Id. by all druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Seymour Man's Plan Appreciated.

In an extended account of the Macabees now meeting in that city, the Port Huron (Mich.) Daily Times speaks

DR. BULL'S PILLS

The great blood, liver and kidney remedy, are genuine only when the fac-simile signatures of John W. Bull and A. C. Meyer & Co. are on the outside wrapper. All others are counterfeits.

Chew LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote, 10c. Dealers or mail, A.C. Meyer & Co., Balto., Md.

SOLD BY WM. F. PETER.

THE TRAVIS CARTER CO.

Contractors and Builders,

And Manufacturers and Dealers in

Lumber. Sash, Doors, Blinds

AND OTHER BUILDING MATERIAL,
Estimates and Plans furnished. Ewing street, between
Third and Fourth.

WHEN YOU NEED

FIRST-CLASS

JOB PRINTING

Why Not Let Us Give You Prices?

Our Facilities
In Machinery,
Material and
Workmanship

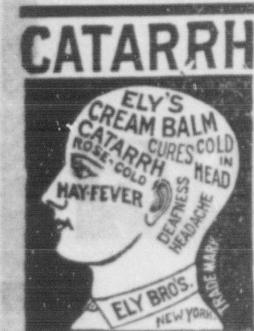
The Best.

The Daily AND Weekly REPUBLICAN

Have no Equal for Advertising in
Seymour or Jackson County

Post Office BARBER SHOP,

St. Louis Avenue,
WILL DRISCOL, Proprietor,
Assisted by ELMER JOHNSON, one of
the best artists in the city. I solicit your
patronage. No patron gets out of our
chair with a slighted job of work.



Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects
the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste
and Smell. Full Size 50c.; Trial size 10c. at
druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

John R. McLean's Great Newspaper.

Without a single exception, there
is beyond doubt no greater or more
popular newspaper in the United
States than the Cincinnati Enquirer;
a more successful publisher than
proprietor, Mr. John R. McLean.

The old-time prices for the Daily
Enquirer have been maintained, and
its circulation largely increased each
year; hard times and cheaper journals
failing to arrest its onward march
and high appreciation of the public
for its true worth and merit.

The Weekly Enquirer at beginning
of the campaign year was offered at
50 cents a year, and its circulation
increased by the addition of over
200,000 new subscribers; the most
substantial and coveted testimonial a
publisher could desire.

When asked for the secret of such
success, Mr. McLean frankly answers:
The Enquirer has no opinions to force
upon its patrons, it simply prints the
facts and tells the truth that the reader
may form his own opinions. By
maintaining the price of the paper,
more news and greater variety can be
furnished, and every class of business
interests catered to, which a cheaper
journal cannot afford.

The very liberal support given the
Enquirer by the public at large, makes
it incumbent upon the management
to serve it faithfully with zeal and
enterprise in minor matters as well as
those of greater magnitude.

BUSINESS NOTES.

H. D. Dowden, of Bedford, came here
yesterday on business.

H. B. Ramey and sisters, of Indianapolis, was here yesterday on business.

Prof. Thomas E. Sanders who taught
at Cortland and who has been chosen
principal of the Shields High School
spent some time here yesterday.

Mrs. James M. Wilson and daughter
who have been here on business and
shopping returned last evening to
North Vernon.

A useful object for those who advocate
governmental ownership of railroads
and so forth is being worked in South
Africa. There the government owns
the railroads. It costs six cents a mile
to ride there, against the average two
cents a mile in this country. The
cheapest freight rate is two cents per
ton per mile against eight-tenths of a
cent per ton in the United States. The
first class coaches on this railroad run
by the government are dirty and dingy
and upholstered in leather. The sec-
ond class coaches, of course, are worse,
while third class are alternately used
for human beings and cattle. The rate
of speed accomplished by this railroad
is not of a character to make the pas-
senger dizzy. It is only eighteen miles
an hour. It is governmental ownership,
however, and that's the kind the
socialists advocate.—Times Star.

Reasons Why Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is the Best.

1. Because it affords instant relief in
case of pain in the stomach, colic and
cholera morbus.

2. Because it is the only remedy that
never fails in the most severe cases of
dysentery and diarrhea.

3. Because it is the only remedy that
will cure chronic diarrhea.

4. Because it is the only remedy that
will prevent bilious colic.

5. Because it is the only remedy that
will cure epidemical dysentery.

6. Because it is the only remedy that
can always be depended upon in
cases of cholera infantum.

7. Because it is the most prompt and
most reliable medicine in use for
bowel complaints.

8. Because it produces no bad result.

9. Because it is pleasant and safe to take.

10. Because it has saved the lives of
more people than any other medicine
in the world.

The 25 and 50c sizes for sale by C. W.
Milhouse.

RAILROAD RUMBLINGS.

Engine 102 pulling passenger train
No. 10 east on the B. & O. S. W. broke
down this morning and engine 128
with Americus Donnels at the throttle
took the train to Cincinnati from here.

Ed. Naughton who began breaking
on the O. & M. thirty-nine years ago
and who has been on the road since,
today took the position of E. D. Weathers
who for years has been employed as
watchman at the Walnut street crossing.
Mr. Weathers has been a faithful
servant. He will be given another po-
sition on the line.

Stop drugging yourself with quack
nostrums or "cures." Get a well-known
pharmaceutical remedy that will do
the work. Catarrh and Cold in the
head will not cause suffering if Ely's
Cream Balm is used. Druggist will
supply 10c trial size or 50c full size.

ELY BROS., 56 Warren st N. Y. City

Rev. John Reid, Jr., of Great Falls,
recommended Ely's Cream Balm to me.
I can emphasize his statement, "It is a
positive cure for catarrh if used as
directed."—Rev. Francis W. Poole
Pastor Central Pres. church, Helena
Mont.

DIED.

Jacob Meyers, an honorable citizen,
died Tuesday, July 19, 1897, at his
home at Mt. Zion, Jennings county,
with consumption aged forty-five
years. A wife and five children sur-
vive.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

The following is the list of letters re-
mainning in the postoffice at this place
and if not called for within 14 days will
be sent to the dead letter office:

LADIES GENTS

Carr Miss Mid Bradberry Will

Lamont Miss Missie Clark Iry

Martin Miss Pearl Cox Geo. W.

Cheever Geo E

Hirz Jos H

Horton H E

Hill E H

Montgomery R W

Osgood A D

Reilly A A

Rush S C

Schmidt Ed

GEO. D. PRICE, P. M.

JUDGE HORD'S PICTURE GALLERY.

Now Contains the Picture of Our Own
Judge Applewhite.

Judge Ralph Applewhite, of Jackson
county passed here yesterday morning
to Madison, and back in the evening.
The judge was one of the pioneers of
Jackson county, and has resided nearly
all his life at Brownstown, but now
lives at Seymour. Monday, July 19, he
passed his 71st milestone, and is still
hale and hearty. He is the father of
James F. Applewhite, who was one of
the recent democratic candidates for
the congressional nomination.

Judge Applewhite was elected pro-
bate judge for the circuit composed of
the counties of Jackson, Lawrence,
Jennings and Bartholomew in 1860, and
served until 1862, when he resigned the
judgeship and enlisted in the army.

Edward Sloan, aged 20, was killed by a
coal train at Portmouth, O., while trying
to cross the railroad tracks.
Home of Jay Palmer, southeast of Bristol,
Ind., was destroyed by fire, together
with its contents. Loss, \$3,000.
Alaskan gold fever has struck Newport,
Ky. A movement is on foot to organize a
company with \$100,000 for prospecting pur-
poses.

Jesse R. Ray, Evansville and Richmond
ticket agent at Bedford, Ind., has been ap-
pointed to a position in the Indiana re-
formatory.

William Roney of Lima, O., was thrown
from a wagon seat by his horse becoming
frightened, landed on his head on a brick
street and is dead.

John Dempsey, an aged inmate of the
institution near Springfield, O., was found
in the springhouse paralyzed. He died
shortly afterward.

During a combination stock sale at
Newcastle, Ind., seats provided for the
accommodation of patrons gave way and a
number were severely bruised.

A number of glass workers have organ-
ized a co-operative glass company at Tiffin,
O., and have commenced the erection of a
factory. They are backed by local capital.

Catlettsburg, Ky., has purchased ground
on the riverfront for the building of a low
water wharf. Sandbars at the mouth of
Sandusky river make a summer wharf ne-
cessary.

Thomas McMahon of Greensburg, Ind.,
meeting Patrolman Fred McIlroy on
the street, attempted to kill him. The
weapon snapped and McMahon was
knocked down and arrested.

Two prisoners in jail at Shelbyville,
Ind., engaged in a fight. Before they
could be separated they beat each other
almost to death. One used a razor on his
antagonist and he will be indicted for at-
tempting to commit murder.

Japan Don't Want War.

PARIS, July 22.—The Japanese minis-
ter here denies that the Japanese
between Japan and the United States
are strained and says: "We wish especially
to avoid war with the United States. If we
had wanted war we would have re-
sisted Russia when she interfered after
our war with China but we decided that
it was the best to strengthen our army
and navy and develop our resources."

WEATHER.

Indiana and Illinois—Fair; slightly
warmer.

Ohio—Local showers; warmer.

WOMEN READ ADVERTISEMENTS.

It is claimed, says the Philadelphia
Press, that the women are the only read-
ers of advertisements. In a measure this
is true, and necessarily so, for women
are the larger purchasers for the house-
hold and spend most of the money that
is earned by business, professional and
working men.

Even in the larger transactions it will
probably surprise dealers to learn how
influential a voice women have. The
purchase of a home is almost invariably
determined by the women of the house-
hold, and in nine cases out of ten their
information as to the situation and de-
sirability of a purchase is gained from
the newspapers.

And every furniture dealer, dry good-
dealer, grocer and keeper of any sort of a
store knows that he must appeal to the
women if he wishes to sell his goods. One of the largest elements
in the success of one of the greatest mer-
chants in the world today is the fact
that he knows how to appeal attractively
through the advertisement to the women.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common water glass
with urine and let it stand twenty-four
hours; a sediment or settling indicates a
diseased condition of the kidneys.
When urine stains linen it is positive
evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent
desire to urinate or pain in the back, also convincing proof that the
kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so
often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's
Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy
fulfills every wish in relieving pain in
back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every
part of the urinary passages. It corrects
inability to hold urine and scalding
pain passing it or bad effects following
use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes
that unpleasant necessity of being
compelled to get up many times during
the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-
Root is soon realized. It stands the highest
for its wonderful cures of the
most distressing cases. If you need a
medicine you should have the best.

Sold by druggists price fifty cents and
one dollar. For a sample bottle and
pamphlet, both sent free by mail, mention
the Seymour Republican and send
your full post-office address to Dr. Kil-
mer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The
proprietors of this paper guarantee its
genuineness.

CHEAP TRIP EAST.

To Philadelphia via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets to Philadelphia will
be sold Pennsylva Lines Aug 2d, 3d and 4th, account ths L. A. W. meet
The low rate will not be restricted to
members of that organization, but any-
body may take advantage of them. It
will be a good chance for former Penn-
sylvanians to visit their old homes or
friends in the eastern end of the Key-
stone state. The route is over the cool
Allegheny Mountains, through Harris-
burg and Lancaster. For full information
regarding rates, time of trains and
other details apply to nearest ticket
agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

FOR YOUR PRINTING.

is what we are after. Suppose you
bring your work around and let us show
you what good work we can do at a
reasonable price. We are not the
cheapest printers in the vicinity, but
we do say we are the best. Come
over and see for yourself whether our
printing is good enough and cheap
enough to suit you.

SEYMOUR REPUBLICAN.

For Infants and Children.

The fast
simile
signature
of

Pat H. Fletcher

CASTORIA.

The fast
simile
signature
of

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